

Missouri Department of Natural Resources

Total Maximum Daily Load Information Sheet

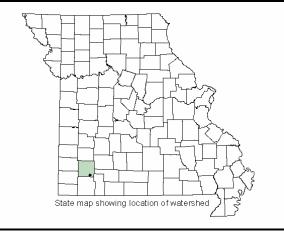
Douger Branch (Chat Creek)

Waterbody Segment at a Glance:

County: Lawrence
Nearby Cities: Aurora
Length of impairment: 2.0 miles
Pollutant: Zinc

Source: Underground lead-zinc

mines



TMDL Priority Ranking: TMDL Approved 2006

Description of the Problem

Beneficial uses of Chat Creek (Douger Branch)

- Livestock and Wildlife Watering
- Protection of Warm Water Aquatic Life
- Protection of Human Health associated with Fish Consumption

Use that is impaired

Protection of Warm Water Aquatic Life

Standards that apply

• Missouri's Water Quality Standards for zinc can be found in 10 CSR 20-7.031 Table A. The applicable standard is dependent on the hardness of the water and follows the formula:

Acute: $e^{(0.8473*ln(Hardness) + 0.884211)}*0.978 = \mu g/L^1$ of Dissolved Zinc Chronic: $e^{(0.8473*ln(Hardness) + 0.785271)}*0.986 = \mu g/L$ of Dissolved Zinc

Using a hardness of 141 mg/L, the zinc target for the Douger Branch watershed (as Missouri's chronic criterion) is 143 μ g/L as dissolved zinc. Expressed as total recoverable zinc (as Kansas' criteria are calculated), that is 145 μ g/L.

Background Information and Water Quality Data

Past underground mining of lead and zinc occurred in the Baldwin Park area just northeast of the city of Aurora in the upper Douger Branch watershed. Douger Branch (sometimes called Chat Creek) has elevated levels of zinc in that area. After mining ceased in 1955, these underground

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 $^{^{1}}$ µg/L = micrograms per liter, which is the same as parts per billion

mines filled with groundwater and zinc minerals in the walls of the mines dissolved into this groundwater. Zinc-contaminated groundwater from these mines is now resurfacing in a small tributary of Douger Branch (locally called Baldwin Park Tributary) along the railroad tracks about 0.5 miles east of town. Zinc levels in this tributary are especially high (see data table on page 3). Because compounds of zinc are generally soluble in neutral and acidic solution, zinc is readily transported in most natural waters and is one of the most mobile of the heavy metals. Hardness, dissolved oxygen, temperature and synergistic effects (more than the sum of the individual components) with other compounds all affect the toxicity of zinc to aquatic life². Zinc is an essential nutrient to aquatic and terrestrial organisms, but in excess can be highly toxic and has the tendency to bioaccumulate (build up in organisms) in the environment. A number of behavioral and physiological effects have been reported when test organisms have been exposed to increased zinc levels. Behavioral responses in fish include avoidance and changes in feeding rate and movement patterns. Physiological changes in fish include increased ventilation rates, frequency of coughing and a decrease in oxygen utilization.³

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region VII, first investigated Baldwin Park in October 1979. The investigation was initiated because a portion of Baldwin Park was used as a municipal dump following the closure of the mines. When it became a Superfund site, it was commonly called the Baldwin Park Dump. In 1987, EPA conducted a removal action for the area affected by the municipal dump. Then, in 2002, EPA conducted a Superfund removal action on lead-contaminated soils in residential yards, most of which were located inside the city limits of Aurora.

Baldwin Park has a history of lead and zinc mining on the property, in particular the southeast corner. The department is in the process of using federal Brownfield⁴ funds for a redevelopment project on the southeast corner of the park starting in 2005. By reducing metals mobility and availability on site, a reduction in the amount of zinc coming from the site may also be achieved.

The following table below shows all recent information on dissolved zinc levels in Douger Branch and Baldwin Park Tributary. Douger Branch is a classified stream⁵ from about site 4 (see map on page 4) and on downstream. The data indicate the zinc standard is exceeded frequently at sites 2 and 3 (in the tributary), and 5 and 6 further downstream. The data also show that the pollution in Douger Branch comes from the Baldwin Park Tributary. Note the relatively low zinc values in Douger Branch upstream of the tributary (site 4) and upstream of Baldwin Park (Site 1). Also, downstream around the wastewater treatment plant (sites 7 and 8) zinc levels are within water quality standards.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency approved this TMDL August 29, 2006.

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² Upper Sacramento River TMDL for Metals, California Environmental Protection Agency, 9/25/01. www.swrcb.ca.gov/rwqcb5/TMDL/upperSacCdCuZn.html

³ Red Clay Creek TMDL, Delaware Natural Resources and Environmental Control, 8/1/99. www.dnrec.state.de.us/DNREC2000/Library/Water/rcctmdl.pdf

⁴ Briefly, the term Brownfield refers to property that may be contaminated by hazardous waste, which would complicate the expansion, redevelopment, or reuse of that property. ("Small Business Liability Relief and Brownfields Revitalization Act" signed into law January 11, 2002)

⁵ A classified stream either maintains permanent flow even in drought periods or may cease to flow in dry periods but maintains permanent pools which support aquatic life.

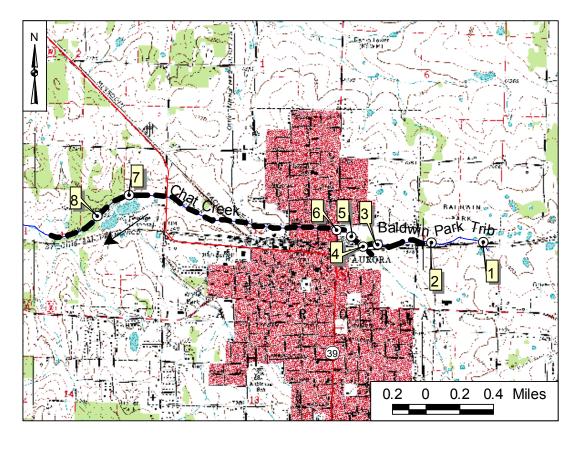
| Water Quality Data for Douger Branch and Tributary | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-----|-----|--------------------------|
| Site No. | Site Name | Year | Month | Day | sc | Dissolved Zinc (µg/L) |
| 1 | Baldwin Pk.Trib. 0.76 mi.ab. Hwy 39 | 2001 | 3 | 14 | 438 | 62 |
| 1 | Baldwin Pk.Trib. 0.76 mi.ab. Hwy 39 | 2001 | 4 | 16 | 343 | 233 |
| 1 | Baldwin Pk.Trib. 0.76 mi.ab. Hwy 39 | 2001 | 5 | 21 | 255 | 316 |
| | Mean | | | | 345 | 204 |
| 2 | Baldwin Pk. Trib. 0.6 mi.ab. Hwy 39 | 2001 | 3 | 14 | 555 | 1090 |
| 2 | Baldwin Pk. Trib. 0.6 mi.ab. Hwy 39 | 2001 | 4 | 16 | 496 | 673 |
| 2 | Baldwin Pk. Trib. 0.6 mi.ab. Hwy 39 | 2001 | 5 | 21 | 365 | 555 |
| | Mean | | | | 472 | 773 |
| 3 | Baldwin Pk. Trib. 0.3 mi.ab. Hwy 39 | 2001 | 4 | 16 | 593 | 2190 |
| 3 | Baldwin Pk. Trib. 0.3 mi.ab. Hwy 39 | 2001 | 5 | 21 | 546 | 2130 |
| | Mean | | | | 570 | 2160 |
| 4 | Douger Br. just ab. Baldwin Trib. | 2001 | 3 | 14 | 530 | 237 |
| 4 | Douger Br. just ab. Baldwin Trib. | 2001 | 4 | 16 | 528 | 143 |
| 4 | Douger Br. just ab. Baldwin Trib. | 2001 | 5 | 21 | 512 | 166 |
| | Mean | | | | 523 | 182 |
| 5 | Douger Br. just bl. Baldwin trib. | 2001 | 3 | 14 | 546 | 609 |
| 5 | Douger Br. just bl. Baldwin trib. | 2001 | 4 | 16 | 560 | 613 |
| 5 | Douger Br. just bl. Baldwin trib. | 2001 | 5 | 21 | 537 | 594 |
| 5 | Douger Br. just bl. Baldwin trib. | 2002 | 7 | 31 | 520 | 61.5 |
| 5 | Douger Br. just bl. Baldwin trib. | 2002 | 10 | 31 | 530 | 52.5 |
| 5 | Douger Br. just bl. Baldwin trib. | 2006 | 3 | 10 | 505 | 189 |
| | Mean | | | | 533 | 353 |
| 6 | Douger Br @ McNatt St., Aurora | 2002 | 7 | 10 | 532 | 137 |
| 6 | Douger Br @ McNatt St., Aurora | 2003 | 2 | 21 | 586 | 484 |
| 6 | Douger Br @ McNatt St., Aurora | 2004 | 3 | 22 | 532 | 619 |
| 6 | Douger Br @ McNatt St., Aurora | 2004 | 10 | 6 | 571 | 90.6 |
| | Mean | | | | 555 | 333 |
| 7 | Douger Br. just ab. WWTP | 2001 | 3 | 14 | 598 | 58 |
| 7 | Douger Br. just ab. WWTP | 2001 | 5 | 21 | 437 | 35.7 |
| | Mean | | | | 518 | 46.9 |
| 8 | Douger Br. 0.05 mi.bl. WWTP | 2001 | 3 | 14 | 376 | 45 |
| 8 | Douger Br. 0.05 mi.bl. WWTP | 2001 | 4 | 16 | 617 | 57.7 |
| 8 | Douger Br. 0.05 mi.bl. WWTP | 2001 | 5 | 21 | 504 | 33.7 |
| 8 | Douger Br. 0.05 mi.bl. WWTP | 2002 | 7 | 10 | 756 | 78.1 |
| | Mean | | | | 563 | 53.6 |

Source: Missouri Department of Natural Resources SC=Specific Conductivity in umhos/cm.

A map showing the location of these sample sites is on the next page.

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Douger Branch in Lawrence County, Missouri, with Sampling Sites



− − − Impaired Segment ← Direction of Flow

Site Index

- 1 Baldwin Park Tributary to Douger Branch 0.76 mile above Hwy 39
- 2 Baldwin Park Tributary to Douger Branch 0.6 mile above Hwy 39
- 3 Baldwin Park Tributary to Douger Branch 0.3 mile above Hwy 39
- 4 Douger Branch at railroad tracks just above Baldwin Park Tributary
- 5 Douger Branch just below Baldwin Park Tributary
- 6 Douger Branch at McNatt Street in Aurora
- 7 Douger branch just above Aurora Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF)
- 8 Douger Branch 0.05 mile below Aurora WWTF

For more information call or write:

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Water Protection Program P.O. Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176 1-800-361-4827 or (573) 751-1300 office (573) 522-9920 fax

Program Home Page: www.dnr.mo.gov/env/wpp/index.html

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